## Sopwith **PUP**

The Sopwith *Pup* quickly became a favourite with pilots of the Royal Naval Air Service (RNAS). It was superior to the Fokker D.III and more than a match for any of the new Halberstadt and Albatros scouts. Armed with a single synchronous machine gun, it was lighter and less dangerous than its successor, the Sopwith *Camel*. Although underpowered, pilots liked the plane because it was maneuverable and fast. It could climb and hold its altitude better than any other fighter. In August 1917, the Sopwith *Pup* was the first aircraft to land aboard a moving ship, the Royal Navy's *H.M.S. Furious*. Canadian crews saw service with Sopwith *Pups* while attached to the Royal Naval Air Service. At least three Sopwith Pups were also allocated to No. 1 (Fighter) Squadron of the Canadian Air Force (CAF) at Shoreham-by-the-Sea in the UK in 1918 likely as proficiency trainers. No. 1 (CAF) Squadron had Sopwith Dolphin and Royal Aircraft Factory S.E.5a's on strength as the primary fighter aircraft.

#### DETAILS

Designation:	N/A	Model No:	9901	
Role:	single seat fighter			
Service:	RFČ, RNA	S		

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Manufacturer:	Sopwith Aircraft			
Crew / Passengers: one pilot				
Powerplant:	one 80 hp Le Rhone 9C or 100 hp Gnome <i>Monosoupape</i> radial engines			
Performance:	Max Speed: 106 mph. (161 kph)			
	Service Ceiling: 18,500 ft (5,639 m) Endurance: 3 hours			
Weights:	Empty: 1,225 lb ( 555 kg)			
Dimensions:	Span: 26 ft 6 in (8.08 m) Length: 19 ft 3 ¾ in (5.86 m)			
	Height: 9 ft 5 in (2.87 m)			
Armament:	one fixed forward .303 Vickers machine gun			
Cost:	Unknown			

The Sopwith *Pup* was a well-liked small biplane fighter, which preceded the more famous Sopwith *Camel*. The *Pup* was regarded as one of the most pleasant aircraft to fly of all the British aeroplanes in the First World War. - (Library & Archives Canada Photo # PA006396)



# **CAF Sopwith Pup Listing**

Serial #	Service	Manufacturer	Туре	Model			
B4148	CAF	Sopwith	Pup	80 hp Le Rhône			
	Rebuild at 2(N) ARD Coal Aston Issued for training W/E 10 June 1918. Used by No. 1 Squadron, Canadian Air Force (UK) in Shoreham - 1918. 42 TDS Hounslow to 41 TDS London, Colney 16 Aug 1918.						
B5333	CAF	Sopwith	Pup	80 hp Le Rhône			
	Built by Whitehead Aircraft Ltd in Richmond, Surrey under contract. At 18th Wing ARS Hounslow. To 86 Sqn Northholt as of 18 Dec 1917 until Sqn disbanded on 4 Jul 1918. Then used by No. 1 Squadron, Canadian Air Force (UK) in Shoreham						
B5348	CAF	Sopwith	Pup	80 hp Le Rhône			
	Built by Whitehead Aircraft Ltd in Richmond, Surrey under contract. To 86 Sqn Northho of 18 Dec 1917 until Sqn disbanded on 4 Jul 1918. Then probably used by No. 1 Squa						

of 18 Dec 1917 until Sqn disbanded on 4 Jul 1918. Then probably used by No. 1 Squadron, Canadian Air Force (UK) in Shoreham. (Note - Some references list this machine as B4338 but no such serial # exists; B5338 existed but this a/c was written off and struck off charge by 30 Dec 1917 before the creation of No. 1 Sqn CAF)

**Notes -** No. 1 (CAF) Squadron at Shoreham-by-the-Sea in the UK had 12 S.E.5a on strength as the primary fighter aircraft. These Sopwith Pups were probably brought on strength as proficiency trainers.

### **ADDITIONAL NOTES**

#### **Abbreviations:**

- AAP = Aeroplane Acceptance Park
- ARD = Aeroplane Repair Depot
- ARS = Aeroplane Repair Section
- a/c = aircraft
- CAF = Canadian Air Force
- SOS = Struck Off Strength
- S/N = Serial Number
- Sqn = Squadron
- TDS = Training Depot Station
- TOS = Taken On Strength

#### **REFERENCES:**

#### **Books:**

- Griffin , John and Stachiw, Anthony *Early Canadian Military Aircraft,* Aviaeology, Kitchener, ON, Canada, 2009.
- Hare, Paul R., Mount of Aces The Royal Aircraft Factory S.E.5a
- Bruce, J.M., Page, Gordon and Sturtivant, Ray *The Sopwith Pup,* Air Britain Publications, Tunbridge Wells, Kent, England, 2002.

## Websites:

- <u>http://rwrwalker.ca/cab\_detail\_aa\_cz.html</u>
  <u>http://rwrwalker.ca/CAF\_in\_UK.htm</u>
  <u>http://www.airhistory.org.uk/gy/ImperialGift-Canada.html</u>